#### **General Description**

The MAX40056 is a bidirectional current-sense amplifier with an input common-mode range that extends from -0.1V to +65V together with protection against negative inductive kickback voltages to -5V. This CSA is well-suited for phase current monitoring of inductive loads, such as motors and solenoids, where pulse width modulation is used to control the drive voltage and current. The MAX40056 uses an improved technique to help reject common-mode input PWM edges with slew rates up to and beyond  $\pm$ 500V/µs. Common mode rejection ratio (CMRR) is typically 60dB (50V,  $\pm$ 500V/µs input) and 140dB DC, typical.

The MAX40056 has an internal +1.5V reference for use with a nominal +3.3V power supply. The reference can also be used to drive an adjoining differential ADC. The reference is used to offset the output to indicate the direction of the input sensed current. The REF pin can source current into external loads and helps to avoid the performance compromises resulting from routing reference voltages across noisy PCBs. Alternatively, for higher supply voltages and higher full-scale output swings, the internal reference can be overridden by a higher voltage, external reference.

The internal or external reference can be used to define the trip threshold for the integrated overcurrent comparator. This can provide immediate indication of an overcurrent fault condition.

The MAX40056 operates over the full -40°C to +125°C temperature range and runs from a supply voltage of +2.7V to +5.5V. It is offered in a 2.02mm x 1.4mm 8-pin wafer-level package (WLP) and 8-pin  $\mu$ MAX packages.

### **Applications**

- PWM H-Bridge Motor In-line/In-phase/Winding Current Sensing
- Solenoid Current Sensing
- Current Monitoring of Inductive Loads
- Battery Stack Monitors
- Automotive

### Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

#### **Benefits and Features**

- AEC-Q100
- Fast, 500ns PWM Edge Recovery from 500V/µs PWM Edges
- 60dB AC CMRR Rejection at 50V, ±500V/µs PWM Edges
- 140dB DC CMRR Rejection
- -0.1V to +65V Input Voltage Range
- -5V to +70V Protective Immunity
- 300kHz, -3dB Bandwidth
- Multiple Gain Options; 10V/V, 20V/V, 50V/V
- Internal, 1% Reference for Bidirectional Offset
- 5µV (Typ) Input Offset Voltage
- Rail-to-Rail Output
- 2.02mm x 1.4mm, 8-bump WLP and 8-pin µMAX
- -40°C to +125°C Temperature Range

Ordering Information appears at end of data sheet.



# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

### Typical Operating Characteristic and Simplified Block Diagram



# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

General Description
Applications
Benefits and Features
Typical Operating Characteristic and Simplified Block Diagram 2
Absolute Maximum Ratings
Package Information
8 μMAX
8 WLP
Electrical Characteristics
Typical Operating Characteristics
Pin Configuration
Pin Description
Detailed Description
Overview
PWM Rejection Input Stage
Low Input Offset Voltage and Low Gain Error
CSA Output
Voltage Reference
Window Comparator and Hysteresis    17
Applications Information
Input Sense Voltage Range
Choice of Reference Voltage
Important Considerations
Kelvin Connections
Stray Inductance
Current Sensing in a 3-Phase Servo Motor 22
Ordering Information
Revision History

# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

## LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1. Internal ESD Clamping Structure	16
Figure 2. Internal Window Comparator	17
Figure 3. Window Comparator Hysteresis Waveform	18
Figure 4. Kelvin Sensing	20
Figure 5. In-Line Current Sensing in Motor Control.	21
Figure 6. Current Sensing in a 3-Phase Servo Motor	22

# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

## LIST OF TABLES

Table 1. Examples of V <sub>DD</sub> , V <sub>REF</sub> , and Sens	Voltage Ranges	19
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## Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

RS+ and RS- to GND	5V to +70V
RS+ to RS	±2V
V <sub>DD</sub> to GND	0.3V to +6V
REF, CIP, OUT, COP To GND	0.3V to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3V
Continuous Current in REF, CIP	5mA
Continuous Current in OUT and COP	10mA

Continuous Current in RS+ and RS	10mA
Continuous Power Dissipation (Multi Layer B	oard) (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C,
derate 4.8mW/°C above +70°C)	390mW
Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### Package Information

#### 8 µMAX

Package Code	U8+4			
Outline Number	<u>21-0036</u>			
Land Pattern Number 90-0092				
Thermal Resistance, Four-Layer Board:				
Junction-to-Ambient (0 <sub>JA</sub> )	206°C/W			
Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JC}$ )	42°C/W			

#### **8 WLP**

Package Code	W81B2+1		
Outline Number	<u>21-100255</u>		
Land Pattern Number	Refer to Application Note 1891		
Thermal Resistance, Four-Layer Board:			
Junction-to-Ambient (θ <sub>JA</sub> )	74.65°C/W		

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/packages</u>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/</u> <u>thermal-tutorial</u>.

### **Electrical Characteristics**

 $(V_{DD}$  = 3.3V,  $V_{CM}$  = 48V,  $V_{SENSE}$  = 20mV, OUT loading = 10k $\Omega$  and 20pF to GND, COP loading = 5k $\Omega$  and 10pF to GND,  $T_{MIN}$  = -40°C,  $T_{MAX}$  = 125°C, (Note 1))

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS						
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	Guaranteed by PSRR	2.7		5.5	V
Supply Current	I <sub>DD</sub>			6	9	mA
Power-Up Time	t <sub>PWR_UP</sub>	Out settle within 1%		400		μs

# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

### **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{DD} = 3.3V, V_{CM} = 48V, V_{SENSE} = 20mV, OUT loading = 10k\Omega and 20pF to GND, COP loading = 5k\Omega and 10pF to GND, T_{MIN} = -40°C, T_{MAX} = 125°C, (Note 1))$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
CURRENT SENSE AMPL	IFIER / DC CHA	ARACTERISTICS				
Input Protected CM Range	V <sub>CM_P</sub>		-5		+70	V
Input Common Mode	N	$-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +85^{\circ}C$	-0.3		+65	- V
Range	V <sub>CM</sub>	$-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +125^{\circ}C$	-0.1		+65	<b>– v</b>
Innut Diag Current	1 1	V <sub>SENSE</sub> = 0V (Note 2)		3	200	nA
Input Bias Current	I <sub>RS+</sub> , I <sub>RS-</sub>	V <sub>SENSE</sub> = 20mV		20	30	μA
Input Leakage Current	I <sub>LKG</sub>	$V_{DD} = 0V, 0V \le V_{RS\pm} \le 65V$ (Note 2)		3	200	nA
		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		5	20	
Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>OS</sub>	-40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +125°C			300	- μV
Input Offset Drift	TCV <sub>OS</sub>			0.5		µV/°C
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$2.7V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5V$	90	110		dB
O		$-0.3V \le V_{CM} \le +65V; -40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +85^{\circ}C$	100	140		
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$\begin{array}{l} -0.1V \leq V_{CM} \leq +65V; \ -40^{\circ}C \leq T_{A} \leq \\ +125^{\circ}C \end{array}$	120	140		
Input Capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	RS+ and RS- input		3		pF
Nominal Gain	GU	MAX40056U		10		
	GT	MAX40056T		20		V/V
	G <sub>F</sub>	MAX40056F		50		
	05	$V_{CM}$ = -0.3V, -40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C, -16mV ≤ $V_{SENSE}$ ≤ +16mV		0.05	1.5	%
Gain Error	GE	$V_{CM}$ = 48V, -40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +125°C, -16mV ≤ $V_{SENSE}$ ≤ +16mV		0.05	0.5	- %
Output Voltage Swing High	V <sub>OH</sub>	Sourcing 5mA; V <sub>OH</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub>		45	100	mV
Output Voltage Swing Low	V <sub>OL</sub>	Sinking 5mA; V <sub>OL</sub> = V <sub>OUT</sub> - GND		35	70	mV
Output Short-Circuit Current	I <sub>SC</sub>	Shorted to either $V_{DD}$ or GND		20		mA
CURRENT SENSE AMPL	IFIER / AC CHA	ARACTERISTICS				
Signal Bandwidth	BW <sub>-3dB</sub>	50% of full-scale range		300		kHz
Output Slew Rate	SR	2V <sub>PP</sub> output square wave, centered at 1.5V	are wave, centered at 1.5			V/µs
Amplifier Small-Signal Settling Time (1%)	ts	±200mV output step	200mV output step 2.5			μs
PWM Edge Recovery Settling Time	<sup>t</sup> S_PWM	0V to 50V edges: 500V/μs rise/fall times, V <sub>SENSE</sub> = 0mV (V <sub>RS+</sub> = V <sub>RS-</sub> )				ns
AC Common Mode Rejection Ratio	AC CMRR	100mV <sub>AC</sub> Sine, f = 100kHz	70			dB

# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

### **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{DD} = 3.3V, V_{CM} = 48V, V_{SENSE} = 20mV, OUT loading = 10k\Omega and 20pF to GND, COP loading = 5k\Omega and 10pF to GND, T_{MIN} = -40°C, T_{MAX} = 125°C, (Note 1))$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
AC Power Supply Rejection Ratio	AC PSRR	100mV <sub>AC</sub> Sine, f = 100kHz 53			dB		
Voltage Noise Density	e <sub>n</sub>	At 10kHz		150		nV/√Hz	
INTERNAL REFERENCE							
REF Output Voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	No load; -40°C $\leq$ T <sub>A</sub> $\leq$ +125°C	1.485	1.5	1.515	V	
REF Thermal Drift	TCV <sub>REF</sub>			30		ppm/°C	
REF Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{REF} / \Delta I_{REF}$	0µA ≤ external load ≤ 500µA		30	70	μV/μΑ	
REF Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{REF} / \Delta V_{DD}$	$2.7V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5V$		0.1	0.5	mV/V	
REF Cap Loading		No sustained oscillation		1		μF	
Internal\External Reference Switching Threshold Voltage	V <sub>REF_TH</sub>	External reference is enabled by overdriving					
INTERNAL COMPARAT	OR					•	
CIP Input Resistance	R <sub>CIP</sub>	Resistance appears to be to V <sub>REF</sub>		10		GΩ	
CIP Input Common Mode Range	V <sub>CIP_IN</sub>		0.08		MIN (V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.08, V <sub>DD</sub> - 1.25)	v	
Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>OS_CMP</sub>	80mV ≤ V <sub>CIP</sub> ≤ min (V <sub>REF</sub> - 80mV, V <sub>DD</sub> - 1.25V)		10		mV	
Hysteresis	V <sub>HYS</sub>	80mV ≤ V <sub>CIP</sub> ≤ min (V <sub>REF</sub> - 80mV, V <sub>DD</sub> - 1.25V)		40		mV	
COP Output Voltage Swing High	V <sub>OH_CMP</sub>	Sourcing 2mA; $V_{OH\_CMP} = V_{DD} - V_{COP}$ 0.12 0.3		0.3	V		
COP Output Voltage Swing Low	V <sub>OL-CMP</sub>	Sinking 4mA; $V_{OL\_CMP} = V_{COP} - GND$ 0.12 0.3		0.3	V		
Propagation Delay	t <sub>PDL-&gt;H</sub>	200mV overdrive, low-to-high		14			
r iopayalion Delay	t <sub>PDH-&gt;L</sub>	200mV overdrive, high-to-low		12		μs	

Note 1: Limits are 100% tested at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ . Limits over the operating temperature range and relevant supply voltage range are guaranteed by design and characterization.

Note 2: Guaranteed by design and bench characterization.

# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

### **Typical Operating Characteristics**

 $(V_{DD} = 3.3V, V_{SENSE} = 20mV, V_{CM} = 48V, OUT LOAD = 10k\Omega$  and 20pF to GND, COP LOAD = 5k $\Omega$  and 10pF to GND, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

### **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{DD} = 3.3V, V_{SENSE} = 20mV, V_{CM} = 48V, OUT LOAD = 10k\Omega$  and 20pF to GND, COP LOAD = 5k $\Omega$  and 10pF to GND, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)





INPUT BIAS CURRENT (IB+) vs. INPUT COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE

TEMPERATURE (°C)

CMRR (dB)









-30

-35

-40









# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

### **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{DD} = 3.3V, V_{SENSE} = 20mV, V_{CM} = 48V, OUT LOAD = 10k\Omega$  and 20pF to GND, COP LOAD = 5k $\Omega$  and 10pF to GND, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)





AC COMMON-MODE REJECTION RATIO 140 V<sub>CM</sub> = 48V 130 = 100mVr 120 110 100 AC CMRR (dB) 90 80 70 60 50 40 0.001 0.01 0.1 1 10 100 1000 FREQUENCY (kHz)











COMMON-MODE REJECTION TO STEP INPUT (STEP INPUT RISE/FALL TIMES AT 500V/µs)



# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

### **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{DD} = 3.3V, V_{SENSE} = 20mV, V_{CM} = 48V, OUT LOAD = 10k\Omega$  and 20pF to GND, COP LOAD = 5k $\Omega$  and 10pF to GND, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)







CSA STABILITY vs. CAPACITIVE AND RESISTIVE LOAD





180















# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

### **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{DD} = 3.3V, V_{SENSE} = 20mV, V_{CM} = 48V, OUT LOAD = 10k\Omega$  and 20pF to GND, COP LOAD = 5k $\Omega$  and 10pF to GND, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

### **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{DD} = 3.3V, V_{SENSE} = 20mV, V_{CM} = 48V, OUT LOAD = 10k\Omega$  and 20pF to GND, COP LOAD = 5k $\Omega$  and 10pF to GND, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)









### **Pin Configuration**



GAIN ERROR (%)

# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

## **Pin Description**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION				
1	RS+	xternal Resistor Power-Side Connection Input				
2	COP	ctive-Low Comparator Push-Pull Output. Output low indicates fault condition.				
3	V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Voltage Input. +2.7V to +5.5V. Bypass to ground with a 10nF COG\NPO and 1µF X5R.				
4	OUT	Current-Sense Output. Output has its common mode point at V <sub>REF</sub> .				
8	RS-	External Resistor Load-Side Connection Input				
7	CIP	Comparator Input/Overcurrent Threshold Input				
6	GND	Ground. Signal and power return.				
5	REF	Internal 1.5V Reference Output. Intended to be used with OUT to indicate the current's direction. Bypass to GND with a 10nF and a 1µF capacitors. Connect external reference greater than 1.5V to override internal reference and change output common mode voltage.				

## Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

### **Detailed Description**



Figure 1. Internal ESD Clamping Structure

#### Overview

The MAX40056 is a single-supply, high-accuracy, bidirectional current sense amplifier with a high common-mode input range extending from -0.1V to +65V. The input stage provides protection against voltage spikes and inductive kickbacks from -5V up to +70V. The  $\pm$ 5µV (typ) input offset voltage and 0.05% (typ) gain error help to ensure low system errors.

The input stage is specifically designed to suppress the disturbance of fast PWM signals, which are common in motor control applications. The MAX40056 is, therefore, well-suited for in-phase current monitoring of inductive loads, such as motor windings and solenoids that are driven by PWM signals. The MAX40056 operates over the full -40°C to +125°C temperature range and from a supply voltage of +2.7V to +5.5V.

Figure 1 shows the internal clamping/protection structure.

#### **PWM Rejection Input Stage**

The proprietary input architecture is immune to the large PWM disturbances present in a typical motor control application. The input stage is designed to withstand -5V to +70V common-mode input voltage without damage. The MAX40056 output recovers within 500ns from PWM edges with slew rates up to and beyond  $\pm$ 500V/µs.

#### Low Input Offset Voltage and Low Gain Error

The MAX40056 utilizes chopper-stabilized architecture to achieve a low input offset voltage less than  $\pm 20\mu$ V. This technique also enables extremely low input offset voltage drift over time and temperature to 500nV/°C. The precision input V<sub>OS</sub> specification allows accurate current measurements with low value current-sense resistors, thus reducing voltage drop and power dissipation on sense resistors. The optimized gain architecture achieves a gain error of less than 0.5% over the entire temperature range of -40°C to +125°C.

#### **CSA Output**

From the functional block diagram shown, the MAX40056 CSA output is given by the following equation

$$V_{OUT} = \{ \{I_{SENSE} \times R_{SENSE} \} \times GAIN \} + V_{REF} \dots (1) \}$$

Where, I<sub>SENSE</sub> is the current to be measured, R<sub>SENSE</sub> is the sense resistor value, GAIN is the voltage gain of the CSA.

### Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

The gain is 50V/V for the MAX40056F, 20V/V for the MAX40056T, and 10V/V for the MAX40056U respectively.  $V_{REF}$  is the reference voltage. This is either the internal integrated reference voltage (1.5V) or an external voltage reference connected to the REF input. When the sense current is positive (the current flows from the RS+ input to the RS- input through the sense resistor), the output voltage is greater than  $V_{REF}$  (V), when the sense current is negative, the output voltage is less than  $V_{REF}$  (V) indicating negative currents flowing with respect to RS+ and RS- inputs.

#### Voltage Reference

The voltage reference offsets the amplifier output to  $V_{REF}$  when the sensed current is 0A. From Equation (1), the direction of the sensed current can be easily determined by comparing  $V_{OUT}$  with  $V_{REF}$ .

The MAX40056 has an internal 1.5V voltage reference for use with a nominal 3.3V supply. The internal  $V_{REF}$  output can source a small amount current for external loads. The load regulation of the internal reference is  $30\mu V/\mu A$ , so care must be taken to ensure that the accuracy of the reference is maintained when the reference is sourcing current.

When operating from higher supply voltages, a higher full-scale output swing is often desired. In this case, the internal reference can be overridden by a higher-voltage external reference. The integrated comparator constantly compares the internal reference voltage and the voltage on the REF input/output so that the higher reference voltage is always selected.

#### Window Comparator and Hysteresis

The MAX40056 features an integrated internal window comparator to detect both positive and negative over current conditions. The window comparator (shown in Figure 2) compares the current sense amplifier output  $V_{OUT}$  with a low threshold ( $V_{CIP}$ ) and a high threshold ( $V_A$ ).  $V_{CIP}$  is generated by an external resistor divider connected to the REF output, and the  $V_{CIP}$  input range should be within 80mV to MIN (( $V_{REF} - 80mV$ ), ( $V_{DD} - 1.25V$ )) for proper operation.  $V_A$  is internally generated from  $V_{REF}$  and  $V_{CIP}$ :  $V_A = (2 \times V_{REF}) - V_{CIP}$ , with a range from ( $V_{REF} + 80mV$ ) to ( $2xV_{REF} - 80mV$ ). Either the internal or an external reference can be used to define the thresholds for the integrated window comparators.



Figure 2. Internal Window Comparator

When  $V_{OUT}$  is greater than  $V_A$  or when  $V_{OUT}$  is less than  $V_{CIP}$ , the comparator output is low, indicating a fault condition. The hysteresis direction is shown in <u>Figure 3</u>. COMP\_HI and COMP\_LO have the same hysteresis direction. When V+ rises across V-, both comparators have no hysteresis voltage; when V+ falls across V-, both comparators have a similar hysteresis voltage, thereby providing equivalent noise immunity.

# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection



Figure 3. Window Comparator Hysteresis Waveform

# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

### **Applications Information**

#### Input Sense Voltage Range

The maximum input differential voltage range is given by the following relation:

$$V_{\text{SENSE}} = \left\{ \frac{\left\{ \text{GND} - V_{\text{REF}} \right\}}{\text{GAIN}} \text{TO} \quad \frac{\left\{ V_{\text{DD}} - V_{\text{REF}} \right\}}{\text{GAIN}} \right\}$$

If  $V_{DD}$  = +3.3V and the MAX40056T (Gain = 20V/V) is used with the 1.5V internal reference, the above equation would provide:

$$V_{\text{SENSE}} = \left\{ \frac{\{0V - 1.5V\}}{20V/V}, \frac{\{3.3V - 1.5V\}}{20V/V} \right\} = -75\text{mVTO} + 90\text{mV}$$

For further information on input differential voltage range for different  $V_{DD}$  and choice of reference, please refer to <u>Table</u> <u>1</u>. Refer to the <u>Electrical Characteristics</u> for the Gain Error specifications. The typical gain error performance for input differential sense range beyond the specified conditions, as shown below.



#### **Choice of Reference Voltage**

As the input full scale range is proportional to the  $V_{REF}$  and  $V_{DD}$ , the input differential sense range can be extended by using an external voltage reference and a higher supply voltage. To achieve the maximum possible input and output range, it is recommended to choose a reference votlage that is half of the supply voltage ( $V_{DD}$ ). As an example, when  $V_{DD}$  = 5.0V, select  $V_{REF}$  = 2.5V. Note that the internal reference may be used with higher supply voltage. The low-side output swing will be the same as for low supply voltages, and the high side swing it is recommended to have the reference voltage to the MAX40056 to be half of the supply voltage. For example, when  $V_{DD}$  = 5.0V, select  $V_{REF}$  = 2.5V. Table 1 lists the examples of  $V_{DD}$ ,  $V_{REF}$ , GAIN, and sense voltage combinations.

### Table 1. Examples of V<sub>DD</sub>, V<sub>REF</sub>, and Sense Voltage Ranges

DEVICE	GAIN (V/V)	SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V)	INTERNAL REFERENCE (V)	EXTERNAL REFERENCE (V)	INPUT DIFFERENTIAL SENSE RANGE V <sub>SENSE_FS</sub> (mV)
MAX40056F	50	3.3	1.5	-	-30 to +36
WAX40050F	50	5.0	-	2.5	-50 to +50

## Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

Table 1. Examples of VDD, VREF, and bense Voltage Ranges (continued)									
DEVICE	GAIN (V/V)	SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V)	INTERNAL REFERENCE (V)	EXTERNAL REFERENCE (V)	INPUT DIFFERENTIAL SENSE RANGE V <sub>SENSE_FS</sub> (mV)				
MAX40056T	20	3.3	1.5	-	-75 to +90				
WAA400561	20	5.0	-	2.5	-125 to +125				
MAX40056U	10	3.3	1.5	-	-150 to +180				
WAX400560	10	5.0	-	2.5	-250 to +250				

#### Table 1. Examples of V<sub>DD</sub>, V<sub>RFF</sub>, and Sense Voltage Ranges (continued)

The internal 1.5V integrated reference can be used as a reference for higher supply voltages (V<sub>DD</sub>). The range of input range is extended only on the positive direction.

#### Important Considerations

#### Kelvin Connections

Due to the high currents that may flow through R<sub>SENSE</sub>, take care to eliminate solder and parasitic trace resistance from causing errors in the sense voltage. Either use a four-terminal current sense resistor or use Kelvin (force and sense) PCB layout techniques.

Figure 4 shows a typical routing of Kelvin-sensed traces to the inputs of the MAX40056. The Kelvin-sense traces should be as close as possible to the current-sense resistor's solder contact pads. If the Kelvin-sensing contact pads are spaced wider relative to the sense resistor, error is introduced from the additional trace resistance.



Figure 4. Kelvin Sensing

#### **Stray Inductance**

The stray inductance due to package parasitics in the current sense resistor should be kept minimum. The unwanted voltage error produced of the stray inductance is proportional to the magnitude of the load current. Wire-wound resistors have the highest inductance, while metal film is comparably better.

Low-inductance, metal-film resistors are also available. Instead of being spiral wrapped around a core, as in metal-film or wire wound resistors, they are straight bands of metal and are available in values under  $100m\Omega$ .

# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection



Figure 5. In-Line Current Sensing in Motor Control

Figure 5 shows a typical 3-Phase motor control application. The MAX40056s are connected across the R<sub>SENSE</sub> resistors to determine the instantaneous in-line phase currents going into the motor.

# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection



Figure 6. Current Sensing in a 3-Phase Servo Motor

#### **Current Sensing in a 3-Phase Servo Motor**

The outputs of two current sense amplifiers can be summed, as shown in <u>Figure 6</u>, to generate a voltage representing the third winding's current.

By Kirchhoff's Law, the third winding current equals the sum of the other two windings, so a simple op-amp summing circuit with three equal-valued resistors is sufficient to produce a voltage proportional to third winding current. Select a large enough resistor value to avoid excessively loading the op-Amp or the CSA outputs. All three amplifiers share the system reference voltage, allowing ratio-metric measurements. If the three amplifiers drive ADC inputs, they will typically share the ADC's supply voltage.

This circuit provides instantaneous winding currents of all three phases without any further computation or knowledge of the PWM pulse phases or duty cycles. Note that the supply bypass capacitors, transient suppressors and catch diodes were omitted for clarity.

# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

### **Ordering Information**

PART NUMBER	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	TOP MARK	GAIN
MAX40056FAUA+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	+FAUA	50V/V
MAX40056FAUA/V+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	+FA/V	50V/V
MAX40056FAWA+	-40°C to +125°C	8 WLP	_	50V/V
MAX40056TAUA+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	_	20V/V
MAX40056TAUA/V+*	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	+TA/V	20V/V
MAX40056TAWA+*	-40°C to +125°C	8 WLP	+AAP	20V/V
MAX40056UAUA+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	_	10V/V
MAX40056UAUA/V+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	+UA/V	10V/V
MAX40056UAWA+	-40°C to +125°C	8 WLP	+AAQ	10V/V

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

\*Future product—contact factory for availability.

N denotes an automotive qualified part.

# Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier with PWM-Rejection

### **Revision History**

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	8/18	Initial release	—
1	1/19	Updated Ordering Information and Applications	1, 21
2	5/19	Updated Benefits and Features, Electrical Characteristics, and Detailed Description	1, 4, 12
3	6/19	Updated Ordering Information	20
4	8/19	Updated Input Common Mode specification in Electrical Characteristics table	3
5	11/19	Updated Ordering Information	20
6	1/20	Updated Ordering Information	20
7	1/21	Updated Benefits and Features and Ordering Information	1, 20
8	2/21	Updated Ordering Information	22

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