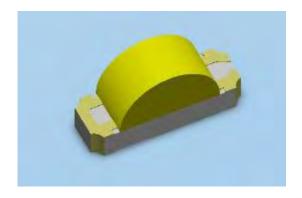


# **DATASHEET**

# SMD B B EASV3015RWA0



#### **Features**

- Package in 8mm tape on 7" diameter reel.
- Compatible with automatic placement equipment.
- Compatible with infrared and vapor phase reflow solder process.
- Multi-color type.
- Pb-free.
- The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant version.
- Compliance with EU REACH.
- Compliance Halogen Free .(Br <900 ppm ,Cl <900 ppm , Br+Cl < 1500 ppm)

# **Description**

- The EASV3015 SMD LED is much smaller than lead frame type components, thus enable smaller board size, higher packing density, reduced storage space and finally smaller equipment to be obtained.
- Besides, lightweight makes them ideal for miniature applications. etc.

# **Applications**

- Backlighting in dashboard and switch.
- Telecommunication: indicator and backlighting in telephone and fax.
- Flat backlight for LCD, switch and symbol.
- General use.



# **Device Selection Guide**

Code	Chip Materials	Emitted Color	Resin Color	
R6	AlGalnP	Brilliant Red	<ul><li>Yellow Diffused</li></ul>	
Т7	InGaN	Pure White		

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25℃)

Parameter	Symbol	Code	Rating	Unit
Reverse Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>		5	V
Forward Current		R6	25	
	l <sub>F</sub>	Т7	20	mA
eak Forward Current (Duty 1/10 @1KHz)		R6	60	
	I <sub>FP</sub>	Т7	100	mA
Power Dissipation	Pd	R6	60	
		Т7	75	mW
	ESD <sub>HBM</sub>	R6	2000	.,
Electrostatic Discharge		Т7	1000	V
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr}$		-40 ~ +85	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$
Storage Temperature	Tstg		-40 ~ +90	$^{\circ}\! \mathbb{C}$
Soldering Temperature	Tsol		Reflow Soldering : 260 °C for 10 sec.  Hand Soldering : 350 °C for 3 sec.	



Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Parameter Parameter	Symbol	Code	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Luminous Intensity	lv	R6	72		180	- mcd	
		Т7	285		715		
Viewing Angle	2θ <sub>1/2</sub>			130		deg	_
Peak Wavelength	λр	R6		632		- nm	_ I <sub>F</sub> =20mA _
	χр	Т7					
Dominant Wavelength	λd	R6	617.5		633.5	- nm	
		Т7			1		
Spectrum Radiation Bandwidth	$\triangle \lambda$	R6		20		- nm	
		Т7	-1				
Forward Voltage	$V_{F}$	R6	1.7		2.4	- V	
		Т7	2.7		3.7		
Reverse Current	I <sub>R</sub>	R6			10	- μΑ	V <sub>R</sub> =5V
		T7			50		v <sub>R</sub> -ov

# Note:

<sup>1.</sup>Tolerance of Luminous Intensity: ±11%

<sup>2.</sup>Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength ±1nm

<sup>3.</sup> Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.1V



R6

**Bin Range of Luminous Intensity** 

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Q	72	112		I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
R	112	180	mcd	·
Pin Panga Of	Dom Wayalang	<b>.</b> h		

Bin Range Of Dom. Wavelength

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
E4	617.5	621.5		
E5	621.5	625.5		
E6	625.5	629.5	— nm	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
E7	629.5	633.5		

**T7** 

**Bin Range of Luminous Intensity** 

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Т	285	450	d	L =00 A
U	450	715	— mcd	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA

Note:

1.Tolerance of Luminous Intensity: ±11%

2.Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength ±1nm



**Chromaticity Coordinates Specifications for Bin Grading** 

Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y	Condition
	0.274	0.226	
1	0.274	0.258	
'	0.294	0.286	
	0.294	0.254	
	0.274	0.258	
2	0.274	0.291	
2	0.294	0.319	
	0.294	0.286	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA
	0.294	0.254	
3	0.294	0.286	
3	0.314	0.315	
	0.314	0.282	
4	0.294	0.286	
	0.294	0.319	
4	0.314	0.347	
	0.314	0.315	

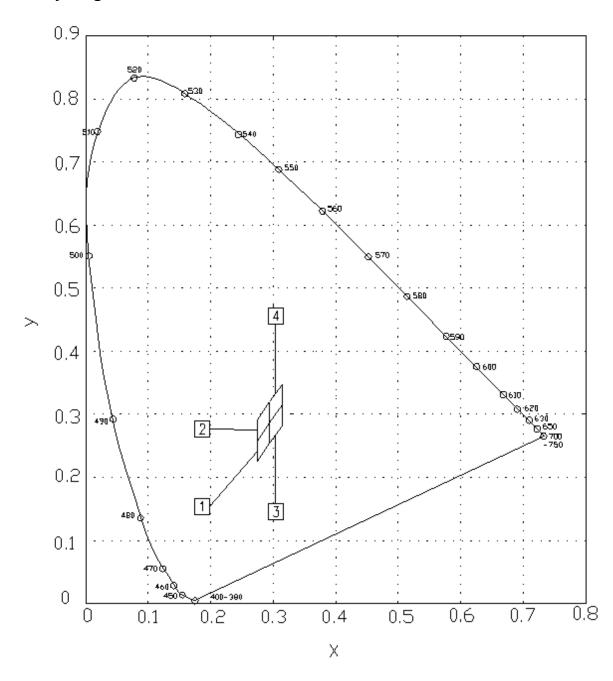
#### Notes:

<sup>1.</sup>The C.I.E. 1931 chromaticity diagram ( Tolerance  $\pm 0.01$  ).

<sup>2.</sup> The products are sensitive to static electricity and care must be fully taken when handling products.



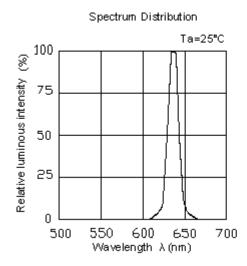
# **CIE Chromaticity Diagram**

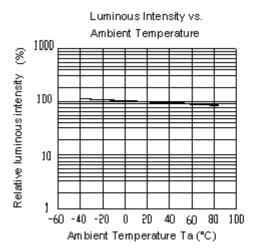


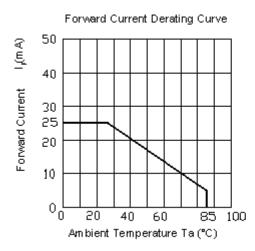
**Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves** 

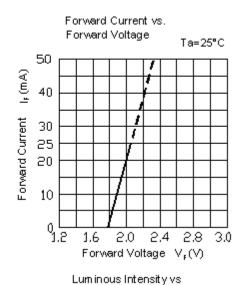


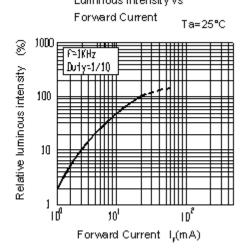
# R6

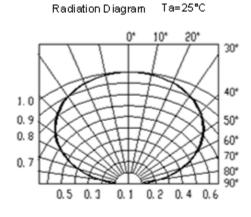






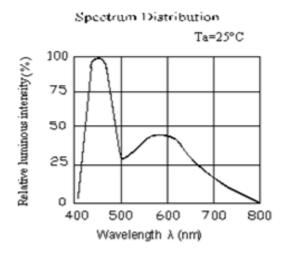


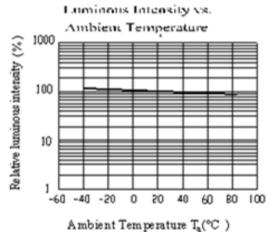


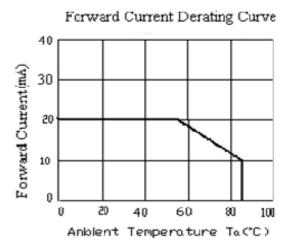


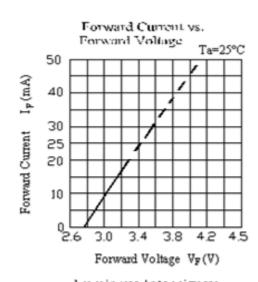


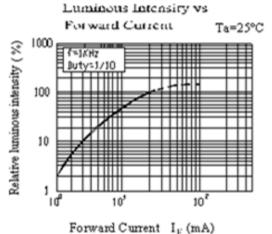
# Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves T7

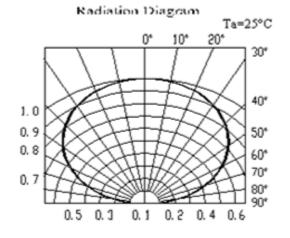






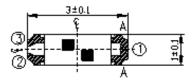




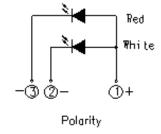


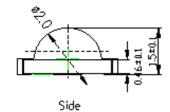


# **Package Dimension**

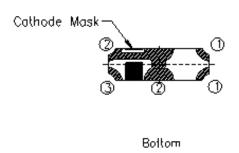


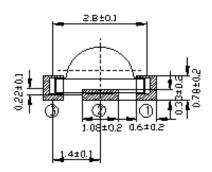
 $T_{DD}$ 





Recommend Sodering Pad



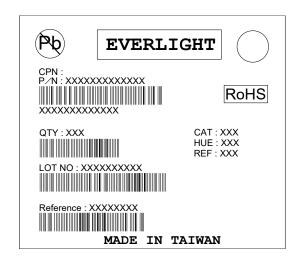


Suggested pad dimension is just for reference only. Please modify the pad dimension based on individual need.

Note: Tolerances unless mentioned ±0.1mm. Unit = mm

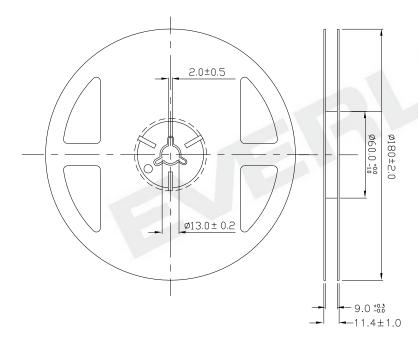


# **Label Explanation**



- CPN: Customer's Product Number
- P/N: Product Number
- QTY: Packing Quantity
- CAT: Luminous Intensity Rank
- HUE: Chromaticity Coordinates & Dom. Wavelength Rank
- REF: Forward Voltage Rank
- · LOT No: Lot Number

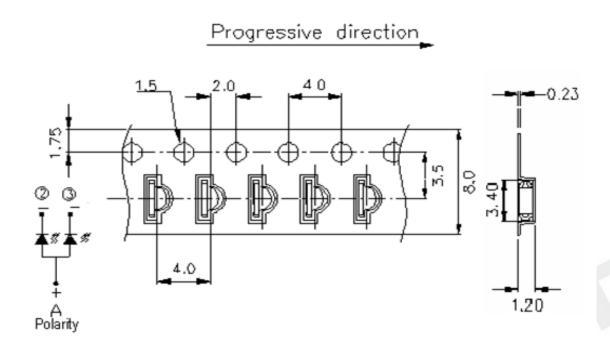
# **Reel Dimensions**



Note: The tolerances unless mentioned is  $\pm 0.1$ mm ,Unit = mm

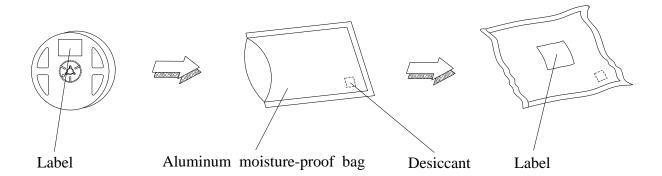


# Carrier Tape Dimensions: Loaded quantity 2000 PCS per reel



Note: The tolerances unless mentioned is ±0.1mm ,Unit = mm

# **Moisture Resistant Packaging**





#### **Precautions For Use**

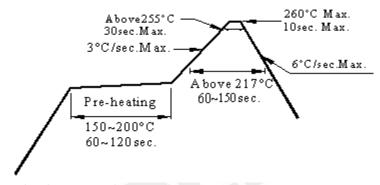
#### 1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change ( Burn out will happen ).

- 2. Storage
- 2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
- 2.2 Before opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30℃ or less and 90%RH or less.
- 2.3 After opening the package: The LED's floor life is 1 year under 30°C or less and 60% RH or less. If unused LEDs remain, it should be stored in moisture proof packages.
- 2.4 If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions. Baking treatment: 60±5°C for 24 hours.

#### 3. Soldering Condition

3.1 Pb-free solder temperature profile



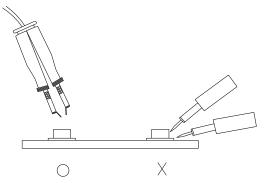
- 3.2 Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 3.3 When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- 3.4 After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

#### 4. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than  $350^{\circ}$  for 3 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

#### 5.Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.





# **Application Restrictions**

High reliability applications such as military/aerospace, automotive safety/security systems, and medical equipment may require different product. If you have any concerns, please contact Everlight before using this product in your application. This specification guarantees the quality and performance of the product as an individual component. Do not use this product beyond the specification described in this document.