

IM323-S6G/IM323-S6G2

Description

The CIPOS[™] Tiny IM323 product group offers the chance for integrating various power and control components to increase reliability, optimize PCB size and system costs. It is designed to control three phase AC motors and permanent magnet motors in variable speed drives for application like an air conditioning and refrigerator. The package concept is specially adapted to power application, which need good thermal conduction and electrical isolation, also EMI-save control and overload protection. The reverse conducting IGBTs are combined with an optimized SOI gate driver for excellent electrical performance.

Features

Package

- Fully isolated Dual In-Line molded module
- Applied full-package
- Lead-free terminal plating; RoHS compliant

Inverter

- 600 V Reverse conducting, RCD2 IGBT
- Rugged SOI gate driver technology with stability against transient and negative voltage
- Allowable negative V_S potential up to -11 V for signal transmission at V_{BS} = 15 V
- Integrated bootstrap functionality
- Overcurrent shutdown
- Built-in NTC thermistor for temperature monitoring
- Undervoltage lockout at all channels
- Low-side emitter pins accessible for phase current monitoring (open emitter)
- Sleep function
- Cross-conduction prevention
- All of 6 switches turn off during protection

Potential applications

Fan and pumps Small industrial motor drive and home appliances





CIPOS[™] Tiny IM323 IM323-S6G/IM323-S6G2



Product validation

Product validation

Qualified for industrial applications according to the relevant tests of JEDEC47/20/22.

Table 1Product information

Dece next number	Deckegeture	Standa	Domorik	
Base part number	Package type	Form	MOQ	Remark
IM323-S6G	DIP 33x19	15 pcs / Tube	240 pcs	
IM323-S6G2	DIP 33x19	15 pcs / Tube	240 pcs	Short lead

IM323-S6G/IM323-S6G2

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Internal electrical schematic







Figure 1 Internal electrical schematic

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Pin description

2 Pin description

2.1 Pin assignment



Figure 2 Pin configuration

Table 2Pin assignment

	in assignment	
Pin number	Pin name	Pin description
1	V _s (U)	U-phase high-side floating IC supply offset voltage
2	V _B (U)	U-phase high-side floating IC supply voltage
3	V _s (V)	V-phase high-side floating IC supply offset voltage
4	V _B (V)	V-phase high-side floating IC supply voltage
5	V _s (W)	W-phase high-side floating IC supply offset voltage
6	V _B (W)	W-phase high-side floating IC supply voltage
7	H _{IN} (U)	U-phase high-side gate driver input
8	H _{IN} (V)	V-phase high-side gate driver input
9	H _{IN} (W)	W-phase high-side gate driver input
10	V _{DD1}	Low-side control supply
11	V _{SS1}	Low-side control negative supply
12	L _{IN} (U)	U-phase low-side gate driver input
13	L _{IN} (V)	V-phase low-side gate driver input
14	L _{IN} (W)	W-phase low-side gate driver input
15	V _{DD2}	Low-side control supply
16	V _{FO}	Fault-output
17	I _{TRIP}	Overcurrent shutdown input

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Pin description

Pin number	Pin name	Pin description
18	V _{SS2}	Low-side control negative supply
19	Vot	Temperature output
20	NW	W-phase low-side emitter
21	NV	V-phase low-side emitter
22	NU	U-phase low-side emitter
23	W	Motor W-phase output
24	V	Motor V-phase output
25	U	Motor U-phase output
26	Р	Positive bus input voltage

2.2 Pin description

H_{IN} (U, V, W) and L_{IN} (U, V, W) (High-side pins, Pin 7 – 9 and Low-side pins, Pin 12 - 14)

These pins are positive logic and they are responsible for the control of the integrated IGBTs. The schmitt-trigger input thresholds of them are such to guarantee LSTTL and CMOS compatibility down to 3.3 V controller outputs. Pull-down resistor of about 5 k Ω is internally provided to pre-bias inputs during supply start-up. Input schmitt-trigger and noise filter provide beneficial noise rejection to short input pulses.

The noise filter suppresses control pulses which are below the filter time $t_{FIL, IN}$ The filter acts according to Figure 4. It is not recommended for proper work to provide input pulse-width lower than 1 μ s.



Figure 3 Input pin structure





Input filter timing diagram

The integrated gate driver provides additionally a shoot through prevention capability which avoids the simultaneous on-state of two gate drivers of the same leg (i.e. H_01 and L_01 , H_02 and L_02 , H_03 and L_03). When two inputs of a same leg are activated, only former activated one is activated so that the leg is kept steadily in a safe state.

A minimum deadtime insertion of typically 360 ns is also provided by driver IC, in order to reduce crossconduction of the external power switches.

V_{F0} (Fault-output, Pin 16)

The V_{FO} pin indicates a module failure in case of undervoltage at pin V_{DD} or in case of triggered overcurrent detection at I_{TRIP} . An external pull-up resistor is required.



Figure 5 Internal circuit at pin V_{FO}

The sleep function is activated after each trigger of I_{TRIP} or undervoltage lockout. A new edge input signals is mandatory to activate gate drives after fault-clear time as shown in Figure 10.

I_{TRIP} (Overcurrent detection function, Pin 17)

The IM323 product group provides an overcurrent detection function by connecting the I_{TRIP} input with the IGBT current feedback. The I_{TRIP} comparator

CIPOS[™] Tiny IM323 IM323-S6G/IM323-S6G2 Pin description



threshold (typical 0.525 V) is referenced to V_{ss} . An input noise filter (t_{ITRIP} = typ. 530 ns) prevents the driver to detect false overcurrent events.

Overcurrent detection generates a shutdown of outputs of the gate driver. Fast track shutdown function allows low-side outputs to be turned off faster than high-side outputs about 200 ns. The fault-clear time is set to minimum $100 \ \mu s$.

V_{DDX} , V_{SSX} (Control supply and reference, Pin 10(15) and reference, Pin 11(18))

 V_{DD} is the control supply and it provides power both to input logic and to output power stage. Input logic is referenced to V_{SS} ground.

The undervoltage circuit enables the device to operate at power on when a supply voltage of at least a typical voltage of $V_{DDUV+} = 12.4$ V is present.

The IC shuts down all the gate drivers power outputs, when the V_{DD} supply voltage is below V_{DDUV} = 11.5 V. This prevents the external power switches from critically low gate voltage levels during on-state and therefore from excessive power dissipation.

$V_{\scriptscriptstyle B}\left(U,\,V,\,W\right)$ and $V_{\scriptscriptstyle S}\left(U,\,V,\,W\right)$ (High-side supplies, Pin 1 - 6)

 V_B to V_S is the high-side supply voltage. The high-side circuit can float with respect to V_{SS} following the external high-side power device emitter voltage.

Due to the low power consumption, the floating driver stage is supplied by integrated bootstrap circuit.

The undervoltage detection operates with a rising supply threshold of typical V_{BSUV+} = 11.5 V and a falling threshold of V_{BSUV-} = 10.7 V.

 V_s (U, V, W) provide a high robustness against negative voltage in respect of V_{ss} of -50 V transiently. This ensures very stable designs even under rough conditions.

NW, NV, NU (Low-side emitter, Pin 20 - 22)

The low-side emitters are available for current measurements of each phase leg. It is recommended to keep the connection to pin V_{ss} as short as possible in order to avoid unnecessary inductive voltage drops.

W, V, U (High-side emitter and low-side collector, Pin 23 - 25)

These pins are connected to motor U, V, W input pins.

P (Positive bus input voltage, Pin 26)

The high-side IGBTs are connected to the bus voltage. It is noted that the bus voltage does not exceed 450 V.



Absolute maximum ratings

3 Absolute maximum ratings

 $(V_{DD} = 15 V \text{ and } T_J = 25^{\circ}C, \text{ if not stated otherwise})$

3.1 Module section

Description	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Storage temperature range	T _{stg}		-40 ~ 125	°C
Operating case temperature	T _c	Refer to Figure 7	-40 ~ 125	°C
Operating junction temperature	TJ		-40 ~ 150	°C
Isolation voltage	V _{ISO}	1 min, RMS, f = 60 Hz	2000	V

3.2 Inverter section

Description	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Maximum blocking voltage	V _{CES}	I _c =250 μA	600	V
DC link supply voltage of P - N	V _{PN}	Applied between P - N	450	V
DC link supply voltage (surge) of P - N	V _{PN(Surge)}	Applied between P - N	500	V
Collector current ¹	Ι _c	T _c = 25°C, T _J < 150°C	±6	А
Maximum peak collector current	I _{CP}	T _c = 25°C, T _J < 150°C, less than 1 ms	±12	A
Power dissipation per IGBT	P _{tot}		21	W
Short circuit withstand time	t _{sc}	$V_{DD} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{DC} \le 400 \text{ V}, T_{J} \le 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	3	μs

3.3 Control section

Description	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
High-side offset voltage	Vs		600	V
Repetitive peak reverse voltage of bootstrap diode	V _{RRM}		600	V
Module control supply voltage	V _{DD}	Applied between V _{DD} - V _{SS}	-1 ~ 20	V
High-side floating supply voltage (V _B reference to V _S)	V _{BS}	Applied between V _B - V _S	-1~20	V
Input voltage (L _{IN} , H _{IN} , I _{TRIP})	V _{IN}		$-1 \sim V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
Fault-output voltage	V _{FO}		$-1 \sim V_{DD} + 0.3$	V

¹Limited by junction temperature. Datasheet

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Thermal characteristics



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Thermal characteristics

Description	Cumhal	Symbol Condition		Value		
Description	Symbol	Condition	Min. Typ. Max.		Unit	
Single IGBT thermal resistance, junction-case	R_{thJC}	Low-side U-phase	-	-	6.0	K/W
Single diode thermal resistance, junction-case	R _{thJC, D}	(See Figure 7 for T _c measurement point)	-	-	10.6	K/W

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Recommended operation conditions



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Recommended operation conditions

All voltages are absolute voltages referenced to V_{ss}-potential unless otherwise specified.

	Course had				
Description	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max. 450 17.5 17.5 20 - 5 20 - 5	Unit
DC link supply voltage of P - N	V_{PN}	0	300	450	V
Low-side supply voltage	V_{DD}	13	15	17.5	V
High-side floating supply voltage (V_B vs. V_S)	V_{BS}	13	-	17.5	V
Logic input voltages L _{IN} , H _{IN} , I _{TRIP}	V _{in} V _{itrip}	0	-	5	V
Inverter PWM carrier frequency	f _{PWM}	-	-	20	kHz
External dead time between $H_{IN} \& L_{IN}$	DT	1	-	-	μs
Voltage between V _{ss} - N (including surge)	V _{COMP}	-5	-	5	V
Minimum input pulse width	PW _{IN(ON)} , PW _{IN(OFF)}	0.7	-	-	μs
Control supply variation	ΔV_{BS} ΔV_{DD}	-1 -1	-	1 1	V/µs



6 Static parameters

 $(V_{DD} = 15 V \text{ and } T_J = 25^{\circ}C, \text{ if not stated otherwise})$

6.1 Inverter section

Description	Course had		Value			
Description	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(Sat)}$	$I_{c} = 6 \text{ A}, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	2.00	2.40	V
		I _c = 6 A, T _J = 150°C	-	2.35	-	
Collector-emitter leakage current	I _{CES}	V _{CE} = 600 V	-	-	1	mA
Dia da famuandu alta za		$I_{c} = 6 \text{ A}, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	1.85	2.30	V
Diode forward voltage	V _F	I _c = 6 A, T _J = 150°C	-	1.95	-	

6.2 Control section

	C			Value		
Description	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Logic "1" input voltage (L _{IN} , H _{IN})	VIH		1.7	2.0	2.3	V
Logic "0" input voltage (L _{IN} , H _{IN})	VIL		0.7	0.9	1.1	V
ITRIP positive going threshold	V _{IT, TH+}		475	525	570	mV
I _{TRIP} input hysteresis	V _{IT, HYS}		45	70	-	mV
V_{DD} and V_{BS} supply undervoltage	V _{DDUV+}		11.5	12.4	13.1	N
positive going threshold	V_{BSUV^+}		10.6	11.5	12.2	V
V_{DD} and V_{BS} supply undervoltage	V _{DDUV-}		10.6	11.5	12.3	
negative going threshold	V _{BSUV-}		9.7	10.7	11.7	V
V _{DD} and V _{BS} supply undervoltage lockout hysteresis	V _{dduvh} , V _{bsuvh}		0.5	0.9	-	V
Quiescent V _{BSx} supply current (V _{BSx} only)	I _{QBS}	V _{HIN} = 0 V	-	-	300	μΑ
Quiescent V _{DD} supply current (V _{DD} only)	I _{QDD}	$V_{\text{LIN}} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{\text{HINX}} = 5 \text{ V}$	-	-	1.1	mA
Input bias current for L_{IN} , H_{IN}	I _{IN+}	$V_{IN} = 5 V$	-	1.1	1.7	mA
Input bias current for ITRIP	I _{ITRIP+}	$V_{\rm ITRIP} = 5 V$	-	68	185	μΑ
Input bias current for V _{FO}	I _{FO}	$V_{FO} = 5 V, V_{ITRIP} = 0 V$	-	60	-	μΑ
V _{FO} output voltage	V _{FO}	$I_{FO} = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{ITRIP} = 1 \text{ V}$	-	0.35	-	V
Bootstrap diode forward voltage	$V_{F, BSD}$	I _F = 0.3 mA	-	1.0	-	V
Bootstrap diode resistance	R _{BSD}	Between $V_F = 4 V$ and $V_F = 5 V$	-	37	-	Ω

Dynamic parameters

7



Dynamic parameters

 $(V_{DD} = 15V \text{ and } T_J = 25^{\circ}C$, if not stated otherwise)

7.1 Inverter section

Description	Course had	Condition		Value			
Description	Symbol			Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Turn-on propagation delay time	t _{on}		-	610	-	ns	
Turn-on rise time	tr	$V_{\text{LIN, HIN}} = 5 \text{ V},$	-	15	-	ns	
Turn-on switching time	t _{c(on)}	$I_{c} = 6 A,$ $V_{Dc} = 300 V$	-	70	-	ns	
Reverse recovery time	t _{rr}		-	100	-	ns	
Turn-off propagation delay time	t _{off}	$V_{\text{LIN, HIN}} = 0 V,$	-	670	-	ns	
Turn-off fall time	t _f	$I_c = 6 \text{ A},$ $V_{DC} = 300 \text{ V}$	-	45	-	ns	
Turn-off switching time	$t_{c(off)}$		-	60	-	ns	
Short circuit propagation delay time	t _{scp}	From $V_{\text{IT, TH+}}$ to 10% I_{SC}	-	1250	-	ns	
IGBT turn-on energy (includes reverse recovery of diode)	Eon	V _{DC} = 300 V, I _C = 6 A T _J = 25°C 150°C	-	90 130	-	μJ	
IGBT turn-off energy	E _{off}	V _{DC} = 300 V, I _C = 6 A T _J = 25°C 150°C	-	50 75	-	μJ	
Diode recovery energy	E _{rec}	V _{DC} = 300 V, I _C = 6 A T _J = 25°C 150°C	-	40 70	-	μJ	

7.2 Control section

Description	Gumbal	Condition		Value		Unit
Description	Symbol	Condition	Min. Typ. Max			
Input filter time ITRIP	t _{ITRIP}	$V_{\rm ITRIP} = 1 V$	-	530	-	ns
Input filter time at L _{IN} , H _{IN} for turn on and off	t _{FIL, IN}	$V_{\text{LIN, HIN}} = 0 \text{ V or } 5 \text{ V}$	-	290	-	ns
Fault clear time after I _{TRIP} -fault	t _{flt, clr}	$V_{ITRIP} = 1 V,$ $V_{pull-up} = 5 V$ $(R = 1 M\Omega, C = 2 nF)$	100	280	-	μs
ITRIP to fault propagation delay	t_{FLT}	$V_{\text{LIN, HIN}} = 0 \text{ or } 5 \text{ V},$ $V_{\text{ITRIP}} = 1 \text{ V}$	-	680	1000	ns
Internal deadtime	DT _{IC}	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ or } V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$	-	360	-	ns
Matching propagation delay time (On & Off) all channels	Μ _T	External dead time > 500 ns	-	20	-	ns



Thermistor characteristics

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Thermistor characteristics

Description	Cumhal	Condition	Value			11
Description	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Resistance	R _{NTC}	T _{NTC} = 25°C	-	85	-	kΩ
B-constant of NTC (Negative Temperature Coefficient) thermistor	B (25/100)		-	4092	-	К



Temp. [°C]	R _{Min.} [kΩ]	R _{τyp.} [kΩ]	R _{Max.} [kΩ]
50	29.151	30.157	31.178
60	20.018	20.669	21.329
70	13.994	14.424	14.858
80	9.946	10.234	10.523
90	7.177	7.373	7.569
100	5.253	5.388	5.523
110	3.884	3.99	4.096
120	2.908	2.991	3.075
125	2.527	2.601	2.676



Thermistor resistance – temperature curve and table

(For more information, please refer to application note 'AN2021-04 CIPOS[™] Tiny IM323 application note'.)



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Mechanical characteristics and ratings

Description	Condition		Value Min. Typ. Max.			Unit
Description	Condition					
Mounting torque	M3 screw and washer		0.59	0.69	0.78	N∙m
Terminal strength pull	Control terminal: Load 5 N Power terminal: Load 10 N	JEITA-ED-4701	10	-	-	S
Terminal strength bending	Control terminal: Load 2.5 N Power terminal: Load 5 N 90degree bend	JEITA-ED-4701	2	-	-	times
Backside curvature	Refer to Figure 8		0	-	110	μm
Weight			-	5.6	-	g

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Qualification information

10 Qualification information

UL certification	File number: E314539		
Moisture sensitivity level	-		
RoHS compliant	Yes (Lead-free terminal plating)		
FCD (Flastwastatia Diashawaa)	HBM (Human body model) class	2	
ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)	CDM (Charged device model) class	C2A	



Diagrams and tables

11 Diagrams and tables

11.1 T_c measurement point



Figure 7 T_c measurement point¹

11.2 Backside curvature measurement point



Figure 8 Backside curvature measurement position

¹Any measurement except for the specified point in Figure 7 is not relevant for the temperature verification and brings wrong or different information. Datasheet 16 of 22 V 2.0

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Diagrams and tables











Figure 10 Sleep function timing diagram

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Application guide

12 Application guide

12.1 Typical application schematic



Figure 11 Typical application circuit

- 1. V_B - V_S circuit
 - Capacitor and Zener diode for high-side floating supply voltage should be placed as close to V_B and V_S pins as possible.
- 2. Input circuit
 - To reduce input signal noise by high speed switching, the R_{IN} and C_{IN} filter circuit should be mounted. (100 Ω, 1 nF)
 - C_{IN} should be placed as close to V_{SS} pin as possible.
- 3. V_{FO} circuit
 - V_{FO} pin is open drain configuration. This terminal should be pulled up to the bias voltage of the 5.0 V/3.3 V through a proper resistor.
 - It is recommended that RC filter is placed close to the controller.
- 4. V_{DD} - V_{SS} circuit

- Capacitor and Zener diode for control supply voltage should be placed as close to V_{DD2} and V_{SS2} pins as possible.

- 5. I_{TRIP} circuit
 - To prevent protection function errors, CITRIP should be placed as close to ITRIP and VSS2 pins as possible.
- 6. V_{OT} circuit

Capacitor should be placed as close to V_{oT} and V_{ss} pins as possible due to V_{oT} voltage is analog voltage.

- 7. Snubber capacitor
 - The wiring between IPM and snubber capacitor including shunt resistor should be as short as possible.
- 8. Shunt resistor
 - The shunt resistor of SMD type should be used for reducing its stray inductance.
- 9. Ground pattern
 - Ground pattern should be separated at only one point of shunt resistor as short as possible.

CIPOS[™] Tiny IM323 IM323-S6G/IM323-S6G2 Package outline



13 Package outline



Figure 12 IM323-S6G

CIPOS[™] Tiny IM323 IM323-S6G/IM323-S6G2 Package outline







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Revision history

Document version	Date of release	Description of changes
V 2.0	2022-12-01	Initial release

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Edition 2022-12-01

Published by

Infineon Technologies AG

81726 München, Germany

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